



2017년 7월 1회

1. 다음 빈칸에 공통으로 들어갈 표현은?

- People are fooled because deceptive, even wicked people do so well at covering up their hearts with their words. In other words, people tend to be \_\_\_\_\_ by people who talk well.
- Contrary to popular belief, the consumption of coffee does not exacerbate the dehydration problem nor constipation as long as plenty of water is \_\_\_\_\_ as well.

- ① taken in                                      ② filled up  
③ held back                                    ④ taken over

2. 밑줄 친 부분과 의미가 같은 것을 고르시오.

Electric cars also are a key part of China's efforts to curb its unquenchable appetite for imported oil and gas, which communist leaders see as a strategic weakness.

- ① infallible                                    ② aesthetic  
③ adolescent                                   ④ insatiable

3. 다음 대화 중 어색한 것은?

- ① A: It was nice running into you, anyway.  
B: Likewise. See you again.
- ② A: How do you know my boss?  
B: He happens to be my next door neighbour.
- ③ A: Why did your father hit the ceiling last night?  
B: It's because I aced my math test.
- ④ A: She speaks funny English. Don't you think?  
B: Just imagine how our English may sound to her then.

4. 다음 영작이 올바른 것은?

- ① 현시대의 기술은 사람들이 의사소통하는 방식을 정말 혁명적으로 변화시키고 있다.  
→ Technology in the modern age has truly revolutionized the way people communicate with.
- ② 워렌 버핏은 중국에서 너무나 유명해서 그의 얼굴이 콜라 판매에 사용되고 있다.  
→ Such a star is Warren Buffett in China that his face is being used to sell cans of Coke.
- ③ 내가 결정을 내리기전에 그것에 대해 생각할 시간이 좀 더 많았었더라면 좋을텐데.  
→ I wish I had more time to think about it before making a decision.
- ④ 나는 우리의 전략을 계속적으로 실행하기 위해 경영팀과 함께 일하기를 고대하고 있다.  
→ I look forward to work with the management team to continue executing our strategy.

5. 다음 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳지 않은 것을 고르시오.

From a neurological perspective, every time you encounter something new, your brain tries to record as ① much information as possible. Thousands of neurons are stimulated, which help code and store this information, ultimately ② caused you to feel and notice a lot. But as time goes on, the "new" experience becomes old, and your brain begins to use less and less energy ③ to encode information — simply because it already knows it. If you drive to and from work every day, the drive isn't stimulating your brain ④ nearly as much as the first time you took that route.

6. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Did you ever wonder why you're likely to be greeted with a warm smile when you enter a store? Or why the hottest merchandise is on the right side when they walk in? Or why cookies are displayed at a child's eye level? These are not just random events, but are based on an actual science involved in watching you buy and making you buy more. When shoppers first enter a store, they need some space to slow down and get into shopping mode. This area just inside the front door is called the "decompression zone" where they are not supposed to buy anything. Americans tend to go to the right when they enter stores — the same way as they drive. Thus, store owners put the hottest merchandise to the right of the "decompression" zone, and then continue this pathway to the right, bringing the customer through the rest of the store. The theory is very simple. Getting them to the rest of the store increases the chances they will buy things. A consumer habit called "product petting" is another discovery researchers found. Shoppers love to touch and pet things, so merchandise has to be within easy reach. The more they can feel products, the more likely they are to buy them. So shop owners place merchandise within easy reach and encourage customers to touch it to increase sales.

- ① Decompression zone is referred to the area just inside the front door where you first step in when entering stores.
- ② Hot merchandise is usually put on the right because Americans are likely to go right when they enter the supermarket.
- ③ If shoppers physically touch and pet products, the likelihood of their purchasing them increases.
- ④ Certain products and merchandise are randomly displayed rather than well calculated.



7. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Interest in extremely long periods of time sets geology and astronomy apart from other sciences. Geologists think in terms of billions of years for the age of Earth and its oldest rocks — numbers that, like the national debt, are not easily comprehended. Nevertheless, the \_\_\_\_\_ are important for environmental geologists because they provide a way to measure human impacts on the natural world. For example, we would like to know the rate of natural soil formation from solid rock to determine whether topsoil erosion from agriculture is too great. Likewise, understanding how climate has changed over millions of years is vital to properly assess current global warming trends. Clues to past environmental change are well preserved in many different kinds of rocks.

- ① time scales of geological activity
- ② global patterns in species diversity
- ③ regional differences in time perception
- ④ statistical methods for climate projections

8. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

The grey-headed flying fox, Australia's largest bat, cruises around at night searching for fruit and flowers. Officials at Sydney's Royal Botanic Gardens had estimated there are about 11,000 of them roosting in the picturesque harbour-side park. After inspecting damage to dozens of trees they now believe there are twice as many as previously thought. Branches have been snapping under the weight of these furry invaders and droppings have been poisoning plants. "The way to disturb them is to use noises. You can use speakers to make a series of noises at the start and end of the day. If you do that over a couple of weeks, you can actually get them to leave the Gardens and go somewhere else," says an official of the Gardens. Officials have said they're optimistic. If and when the bats do move to other parts of the city, they will of course then become someone else's problem.

- ① Hidden Mystery of Wild Animals
- ② Ways of Protecting Wild Animals
- ③ The Garden's War on Flying Foxes
- ④ Distinctive Features of Flying Foxes

9. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

Some organizations do have policies which allow either men or women to take career breaks to look after children.

(A) Indeed, the knowledge of this may well be a cause of the low take-up of such schemes by men.

(B) Organizations, therefore, not only need to establish the structures which allow careers to be more flexible, they also need to change attitudes which typically remain thoroughly traditional.

(C) However, not only have very few fathers actually availed themselves of such opportunities, anecdotal evidence also suggests that if they had done so, their careers would have been 'ruined' for life.

- ① (A) — (C) — (B)
- ② (B) — (A) — (C)
- ③ (C) — (A) — (B)
- ④ (C) — (B) — (A)

10. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Italian visitors to American shores are sometimes taken aback when they are served what Americans think of as authentic Italian food. With its Italian-sounding name, Chicken Tetrizzini, for example, would seem to be the perfect dish to make an Italian tourist feel right at home. (A)\_\_\_\_\_, Chicken Tetrizzini was named for an Italian opera singer Luisa Tetrizzini, but it was invented in New York. The Italians are not the only ones who might be puzzled by dinner entrees that supposedly originated in their country. Most Russians never tasted anything that resembles Russian salad dressing served in restaurants in the US. (B)\_\_\_\_\_, that staple of Chinese meals, the fortune cookie, first saw the light of day, not in Beijing but in Los Angeles.

- |   | (A)            |       | (B)       |
|---|----------------|-------|-----------|
| ① | In fact        | ..... | Otherwise |
| ② | In fact        | ..... | Likewise  |
| ③ | In other words | ..... | Otherwise |
| ④ | In other words | ..... | Likewise  |